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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/874,550	06/04/2001	Tony Kroeker	AMAT/2640.C1/ATD/BG	6635	
7:	590 03/11/2002				
Patent Counsel			EXAMINER		
APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. P.O. Box 450A			WERNER,	WERNER, FRANK E	
Santa Clara, CA	A 95052		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3652		

DATE MAILED: 03/11/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

LA1	Application No.	Applicant(s)	1 Kroeker
Office Action Summary	09/874550 Examiner F. E. Werne	2√	Group Art Unit
The MAILING DATE of this communication appea	ers on the cover sheet be	eneath the co	rrespondence address
Period for Reply	_		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TOF THIS COMMUNICATION.	O EXPIRE	$\frac{2}{3}$ MONTH(S)	FROM THE MAILING DATE
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a real of NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state 	eply within the statutory minimut, expire SIX (6) MONTHS from	um of thirty (30) d the mailing date	ays will be considered timely. of this communication .
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on	ائحوها		
☐ This action is FINAL.			
 Since this application is in condition for allowance except accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 193 			he merits is closed in
Disposition of Claims			
√Claim(s) 46-64	js/are pending in the application.		
Of the above claim(s)		-	
□ Çlaim(s)	-	is/are al	lowed.
Claim(s) 46-64	je/are rejected.		
□ Claim(s)		,	
☐ Claim(s)————————————————————————————————————			
Application Papers		requirer	
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawin	ig Review, PTO-948.		•
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is _approved [disapproved	
The drawing(s) filed on 6-4-01 is/are object	xted to by the Examiner.	are appr	roved.
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)			
 □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority un □ All □ Some* □ None of the CERTIFIED copies of 			
□ received.			
☐ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Numb	•		•
$\hfill \Box$ received in this national stage application from the Interest of the stage of the st			
*Certified copies not received:			
Attachment(s)	_		

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Office Action Summary

U. S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 9-97)

Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s).

☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948

*U.S. GPO: 1997-433-221/62717

Part of Paper No.

☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413

☐ Other_

☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152

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1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 46-64 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 53 and similar claims of copending Application No. 09/161,970. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it would have been obvious to have formed the system as claimed depending upon its intended utility.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

- 3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 4. Claims 46-64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Re at lease base claims 46 and 56, it is not understood

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as to what the pod loader is structurally comprised of, how it structurally functions and where it is structurally located relative to the other claim elements. See also 37 CFR 1.83(a)

Further, it is not understood what the mini-environment is structurally comprised of and located.

Claims 46-64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being 5. indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Re base claims 46 and 56, it is not understood what the pod loader is structurally comprised of and structurally located; further, it is not understood what the minienvironment is structurally comprised of-is the pressure therein atmospheric, reduced or what; moreover, no robot structure in the mini-environment and no transfer robot structure (re claim 56) in the load lock has been set forth; furthermore, no gate means has been set forth between the load lock and the process chamber; also, no structure (walls, floor, etc.) has been set forth to define the process chamber; lastly, improper alternate claiming is present re the load lock and process chambers in claims 47 and 56, it is not understood what function is served by the lid. Re claim 49, it is not understood what "linear configuration" (line 2) refers to. Re claims 51 and 59, it is not understood how a cover can define an opening when a cover, by definition, covers an opening. Re claim 60, it is not understood what the transfer assembly is structurally comprised of. Re claim 55 and 57, it is not understood where the aperture is structurally located and

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what function is carried out by the same. Re claims 50, 60 and 61, it is not understood what function is served by the pins (50 and 61) and the transfer assembly (claim 60).

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 46-49, 54-60 and 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maydan et al (,393) in view of Asakawa et al (,856), each reference cited by Applicant.

Maydan et al disclose a load lock 14 having a transfer robot 80 therein; pod loader 24, etc., connected to the load lock via opening 36 closed by valve 38; process chambers 16-22 connected to the load lock via rectangular openings 36 closed by hermetic valves 38; vacuum pump 112, etc.; and that the load lock has an unnumbered lid (cover) thereon, but do not disclose a robot in its mini-environment which is disclosed by Asakawa et al (40, 41, 18, etc.) and in view of the latter, it would have been obvious to have included robot to facilitate pod movement as taught by Asakawa et al. Re claims 47-49 and 60, it would have been obvious to have conventionally formed the central portion (as claimed in claims 48 and 55), to have conventionally formed the process chamber (as claimed in claim 49) and to have included a conventional transfer assembly (as claimed in claim 60).

8. Claims 50, 51, 61 and 62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maydan et al (,393) in view of Asakawa et al (,856) as applied to

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claims 46-49, 54-60 and 63 above, and further in view of Ohtani et al (,054)-cited by Applicant

It would have been obvious to have substituted pin lifters (as claimed) as taught by Ohtani et al.

9. Claims 52, 53 and 64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maydan et al (,393) in view of Asakawa et al (,856) and Ohtani et al (,054) as applied to claims 50, 51, 61 and 62 above, and further in view of Brancher (,301).

If it is to be inferred that the lid is movable, this is rendered obvious by Brancher (28). Moreover, the inclusion of a conventional stabilizing rod and a sealable bellows to minimize contamination would have been obvious (claims 52, 53 and 64).

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to F. E. Werner at telephone number 703-308-1140.

Werner/cw March 1, 2002

Summary:

Claims 46-64 are rejected. Rejection – SSP 3 mos.

> FRANK E. WERNER 3/02-PRIMARY EXAMINER 3/02-GROUP 2102 3652